

Code of practice on

## \managing the risk \of fraud and corruption





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## Code of practice principles

Leaders of public sector organisations have a responsibility to embed effective standards for countering fraud and corruption in their organisations. This supports good governance and demonstrates effective financial stewardship and strong public financial management.

#### The five key principles of the code are to:

- acknowledge the responsibility of the governing body for countering fraud and corruption
- identify the fraud and corruption risks
- develop an appropriate counter fraud and corruption strategy
- provide resources to implement the strategy
- take action in response to fraud and corruption.

#### A Acknowledge responsibility

The governing body should acknowledge its responsibility for ensuring that the risks associated with fraud and corruption are managed effectively across all parts of the organisation.

#### Specific steps should include:

- A1 The organisation's leadership team acknowledge the threats of fraud and corruption and the harm they can cause to the organisation, its aims and objectives and to its service users.
- A2 The organisation's leadership team acknowledge the importance of a culture that is resilient to the threats of fraud and corruption and aligns to the principles of good governance.
- A3 The governing body acknowledges its responsibility for ensuring the management of its fraud and corruption risks and will be accountable for the actions it takes through its governance reports.
- A4 The governing body sets a specific goal of ensuring and maintaining its resilience to fraud and corruption and explores opportunities for financial savings from enhanced fraud detection and prevention.

#### **B** Identify risks

Fraud risk identification is essential to understand specific exposures to risk, changing patterns in fraud and corruption threats and the potential consequences to the organisation and its service users.

#### Specific steps should include:

- B1 Fraud risks are routinely considered as part of the organisation's risk management arrangements.
- B2 The organisation identifies the risks of corruption and the importance of behaving with integrity in its governance framework.
- B3 The organisation uses published estimates of fraud loss, and where appropriate its own measurement exercises, to aid its evaluation of fraud risk exposures.
- B4 The organisation evaluates the harm to its aims and objectives and service users that different fraud risks can cause.

#### C Develop a strategy

An organisation needs a counter fraud strategy setting out its approach to managing its risks and defining responsibilities for action.

#### Specific steps should include:

- C1 The governing body formally adopts a counter fraud and corruption strategy to address the identified risks and align with the organisation's acknowledged responsibilities and goals.
- C2 The strategy includes the organisation's use of joint working or partnership approaches to managing its risks, where appropriate.
- C3 The strategy includes both proactive and responsive approaches that are best suited to the organisation's fraud and corruption risks. Proactive and responsive components of a good practice response to fraud risk management are set out below.

#### Proactive

- Developing a counter-fraud culture to increase resilience to fraud.
- Preventing fraud through the implementation of appropriate and robust internal controls and security measures.
- Using techniques such as data matching to validate data.
- Deterring fraud attempts by publicising the organisation's anti-fraud and corruption stance and the actions it takes against fraudsters.

#### Responsive

- Detecting fraud through data and intelligence analysis.
- Implementing effective whistleblowing arrangements.
- Investigating fraud referrals.
- Applying sanctions, including internal disciplinary, regulatory and criminal.
- Seeking redress, including the recovery of assets and money where possible.
- C4 The strategy includes clear identification of responsibility and accountability for delivery of the strategy and for providing oversight.

#### **D** Provide resources

The organisation should make arrangements for appropriate resources to support the counter fraud strategy.

#### Specific steps should include:

- D1 An annual assessment of whether the level of resource invested to counter fraud and corruption is proportionate for the level of risk.
- D2 The organisation utilises an appropriate mix of experienced and skilled staff, including access to counter fraud staff with professional accreditation.
- D3 The organisation grants counter fraud staff unhindered access to its employees, information and other resources as required for investigation purposes.
- D4 The organisation has protocols in place to facilitate joint working and data and intelligence sharing to support counter fraud activity.

#### **E** Take action

The organisation should put in place the policies and procedures to support the counter fraud and corruption strategy and take action to prevent, detect and investigate fraud.

#### Specific steps should include:

- E1 The organisation has put in place a policy framework which supports the implementation of the counter fraud strategy. As a minimum the framework includes:
  - Counter fraud policy
  - Whistleblowing policy
  - Anti-money laundering policy
  - Anti-bribery policy
  - Anti-corruption policy
  - Gifts and hospitality policy and register
  - Pecuniary interest and conflicts of interest policies and register
  - Codes of conduct and ethics
  - Information security policy
  - Cyber security policy.
- E2 Plans and operations are aligned to the strategy and contribute to the achievement of the organisation's overall goal of maintaining resilience to fraud and corruption.
- E3 Making effective use of national or sectoral initiatives to detect fraud or prevent fraud, such as data matching or intelligence sharing.
- E4 Providing for independent assurance over fraud risk management, strategy and activities.
- E5 There is a report to the governing body at least annually on performance against the counter fraud strategy and the effectiveness of the strategy from the lead person(s) designated in the strategy. Conclusions are featured in the annual governance report.

## Applying the code in practice

Where organisations are making a statement in an annual governance report about their adherence to this code, one of the following statements should be approved according to whether the organisation conforms with the code or needs to take further action. The statement should be approved by the governing body and signed by the person responsible for signing the annual governance report<sup>1</sup>.

#### Statement 1

Having considered all the principles, I am satisfied that the organisation has adopted a response that is appropriate for its fraud and corruption risks and commits to maintain its vigilance to tackle fraud.

Or

#### **Statement 2**

Having considered all the principles, I am satisfied that, subject to the actions identified below, the organisation has adopted a response that is appropriate for its fraud and corruption risks and commits to maintain its vigilance to tackle fraud.

#### Actions to be taken to manage the risk of fraud:

| Action: | Responsibility: | Target date: |
|---------|-----------------|--------------|
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<sup>1</sup> Guidance notes on the implementation of the code to support evaluation are available at www.cipfa.org.

## Glossary

As the code can apply to a wide range of organisations generic terms are used to describe governance and leadership responsibilities.

#### Governing body:

The person(s) or group with primary responsibility for overseeing the strategic direction, operations and accountability of the organisation. Examples include, the Board, Council.

#### The organisation's leadership team:

Leadership team: comprises the governing body and management team.

Examples or relevant roles include, cabinet members, chair of board, accounting officer, chief executive, executive directors, vice-chancellor, principal, headteacher.



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